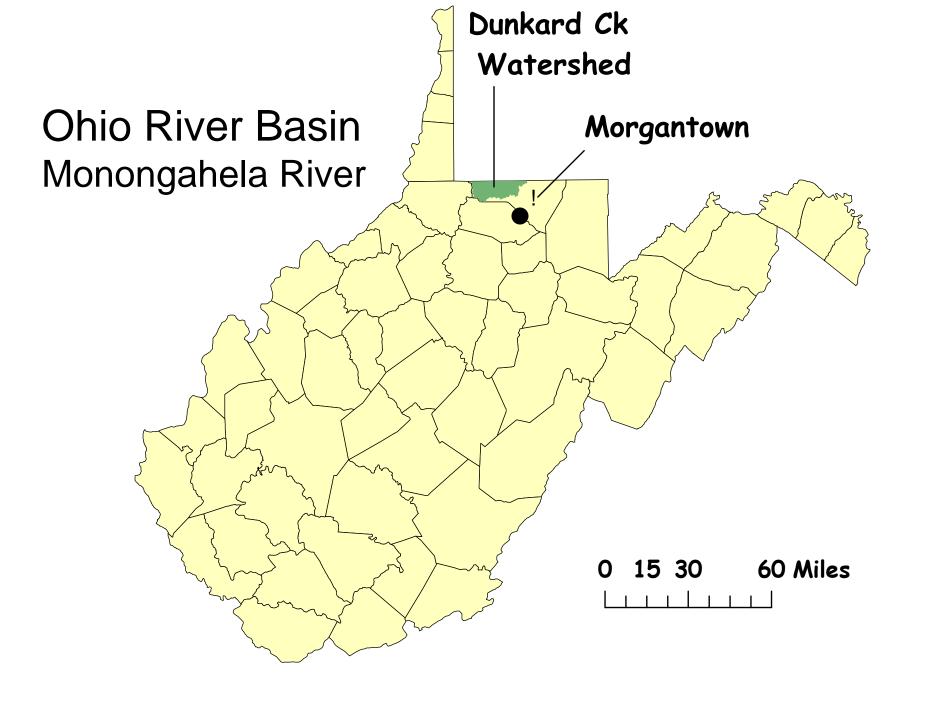
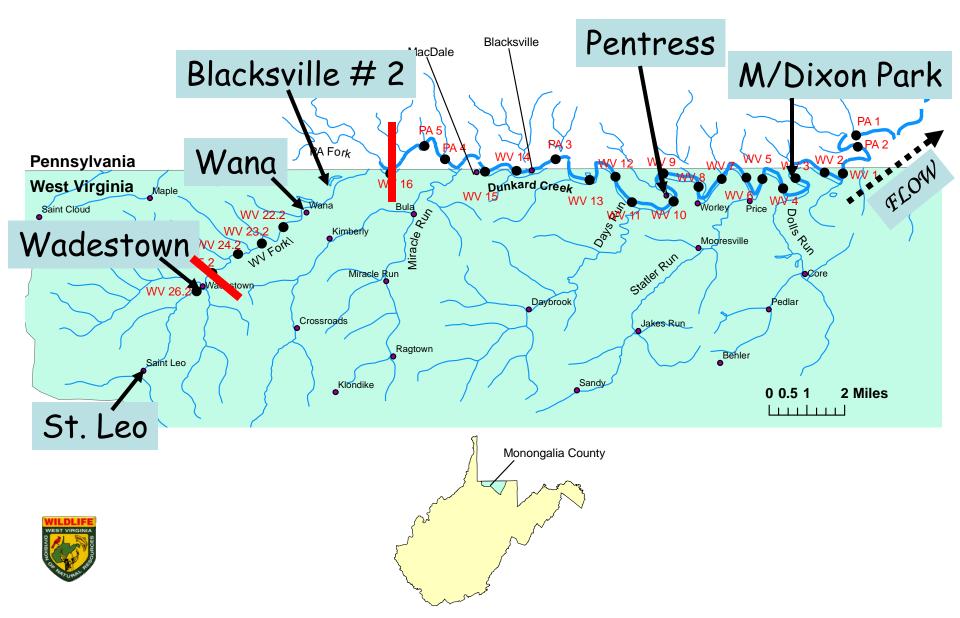
Dunkard Creek Fish Kill, Monongahela River West Virginia/Pennsylvania



Dan Cincotta, David Wellman, Frank Jernejcic, DaveThorne, and Aaron Yeager (WV Division of Natural Resources); and, Stuart Welsh (US Geological Survey)



Dunkard Creek Watershed WV/PA



BACKGROUND

- August 27th visit to WV Fork
- WV Fork = 22,000-44,000 μ S below Blacksville # 2 discharge (51,000 μ S from pipe)
- WV Fork = 5,000 μ S above discharge
- Seining survey done immediately above
 - only few fish found below discharge
 - noticed scales on fishes easily lost while handling
 - 22 species found above (5,000 μ S)
- · Two additional sites done above discharge
 - 22-23 species per site (5,000 μ S)

Background

- Fish kill starts Augsut 29
- Starts in main channel near Pentress below a reservoir
- Goes strong for 2 weeks
- 2nd kill starts above Blacksville # 2 between Wadesville and St. Leo
- St. Leo facility on So. Fork of WV Fork
- · 2nd kill below a beaver pond near St. Leo
- · Kill persists into October
- Fish database great due to proximity to WVU

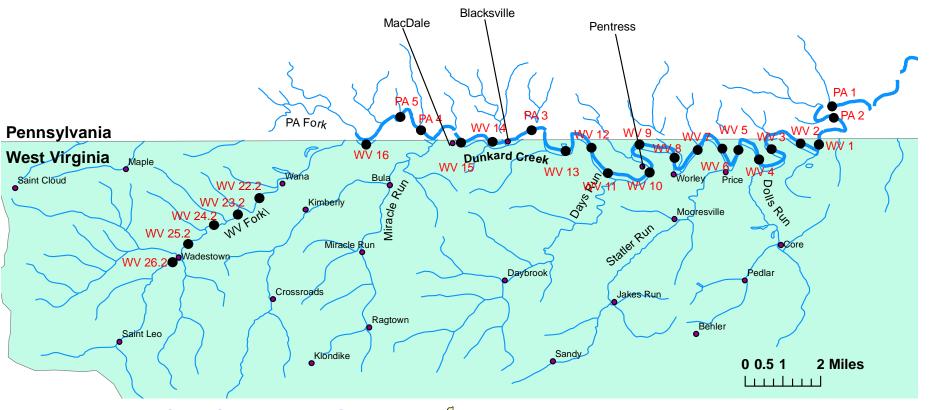


WVDNR role was to:

- use American Fisheries
 Society Fishkill Guidelines
- establish size groups of fish killed
- estimate the number of fish killed
- determine value of fish killed



WVDNR FISH KILL ASSESSMENT SITES DUNKARD CREEK DRAINAGE



• 21 main channel sites

• 6 WV Fork sites

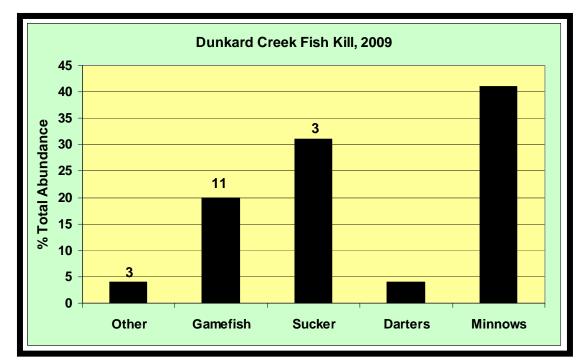




Milepoint 0 was established where Dunkard Creek crosses state line between Pennsylvania and West Virginia near Buckeye Church, West Virginia. Station WV 1 was randomly selected within the first mile of Dunkard Creek upstream of the state line. The remaining stations were then placed at 1 mile intervals.

Fish Kill

- · 20+ fish species
- · Preliminary kill estimate: 15,000-22,000 in WV





Mussels

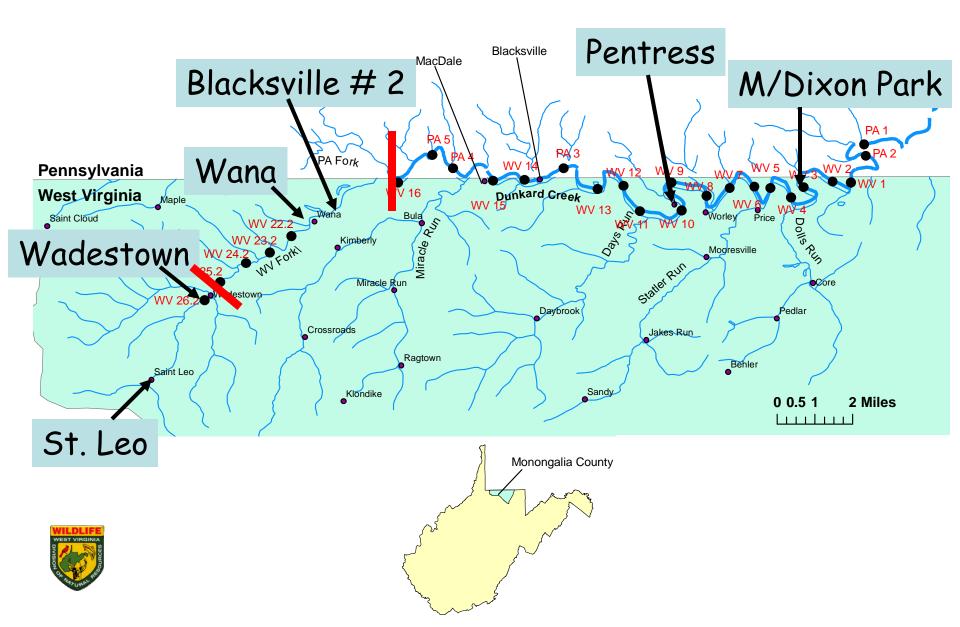
- · 14 mussel species dead
- 100% mortality
- Was the last major stronghold for mussels in the Monongahela River drainage.
- May take generations to restore mussel population.



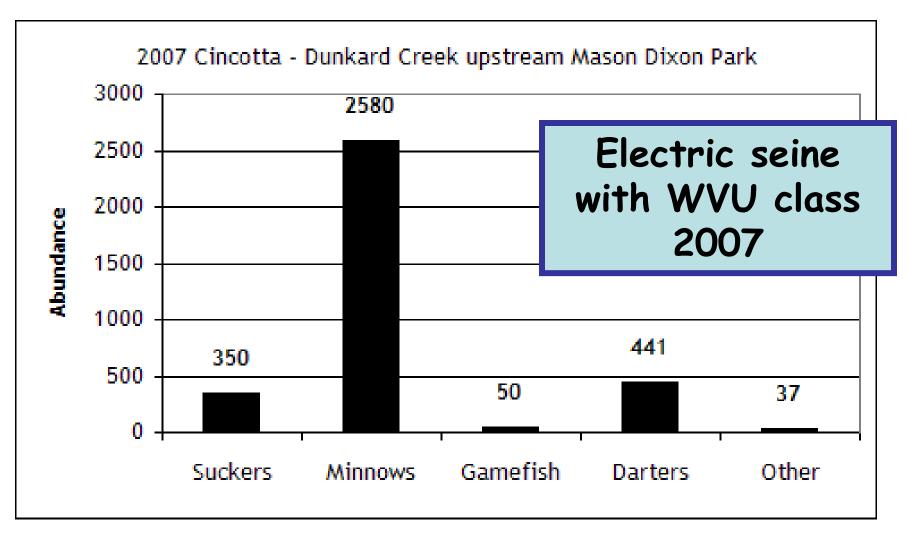
Dunkard Creek Historical Fish Data, 1959 - 2009 80 13 70 % Total Abundance 60 50 40 20 10 13 Other Gamefish Sucker **Darters** Minnows

Historic Fish Data

- •11 surveys from 1959 2009
- ·44 fish species
- •13 species of game fish, but most notably smallmouth bass and muskellunge.



Lower Dunkard Creek Mason-Dixon Park



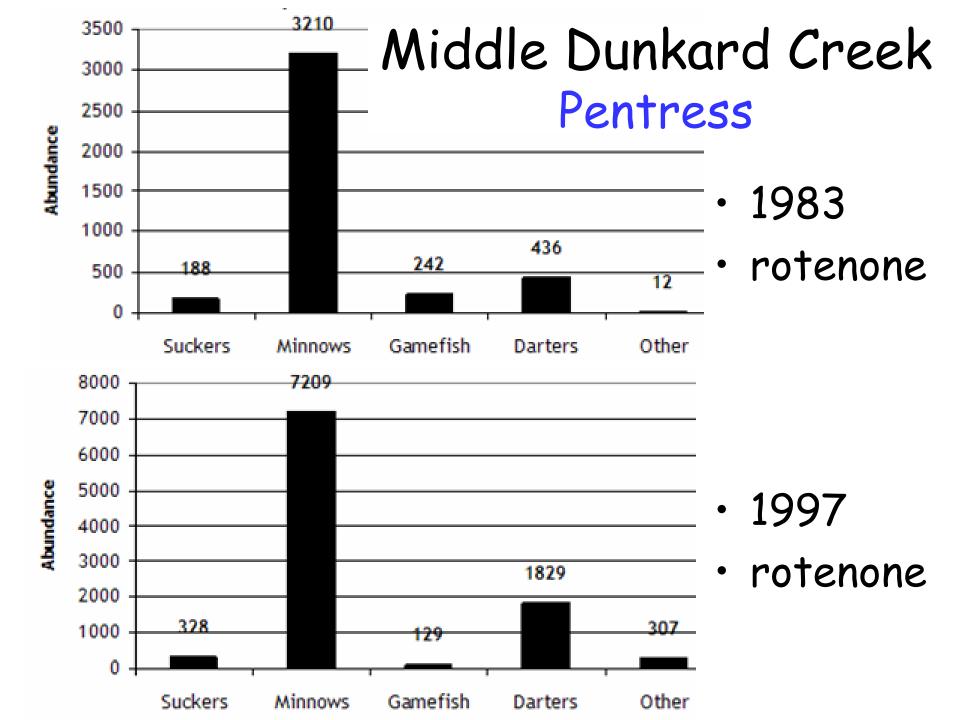


Mason-Dixon Park

- Post Kill Survey (Oct.)
 - 400-600 μS

- 1 sucker
- 16 minnows
- · O gamefish
- · 2 darters
- 0 others





Middle Dunkard Creek Pentress

- Post Kill Survey (Oct.)
 - 400-600 μS

ABUNDANCE

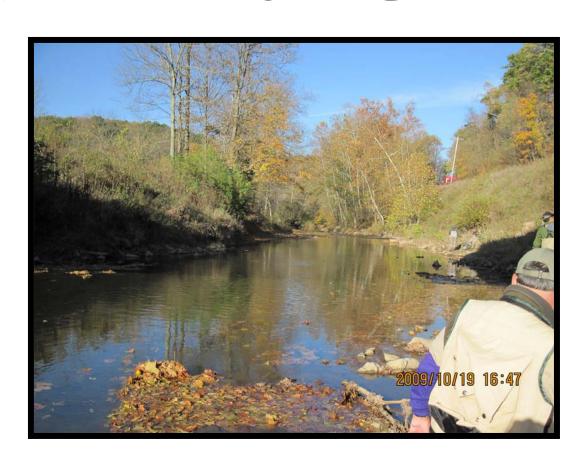
- 1 sucker
- 19 minnows
- O gamefish
- 0 darters
- 0 others

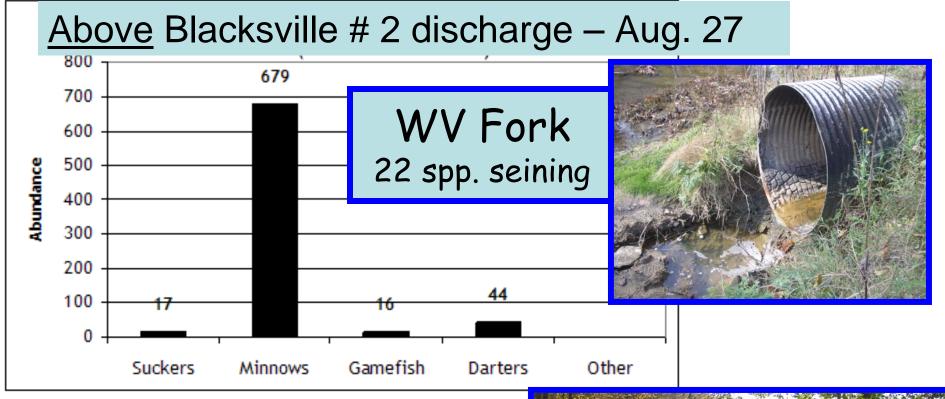


Mouth of Miracle Run **Pentress** Blacksville MacDale Blacksville # 2 M/Dixon Park PA Fo*rk* Wana **Pennsylvania** Dunkard Creek WV 15 WV 13 West Virginia Wy 23.2 WW 23.2 WW 24.2 WY FORK Miracle Aun Kimberly Mooresville Miracle Run Core Daybrook Pedlar Crossroads St. Leo Jakes Run Ragtown Behler Saint Leo Sandy Klondike 0 0.5 1 2 Miles Monongalia County

Dunkard at Miracle Run

- · ELECTROFISHING ABUNDANCE
- 9 suckers
- 48 minnows
- 6 gamefish
- · 21 darters
- · 0 others





Below discharge Oct. survey:

- electofishing found fishes in reduced numbers
- reduced species



WV Fork Below Blacksville # 2

BEFORE ABOVE

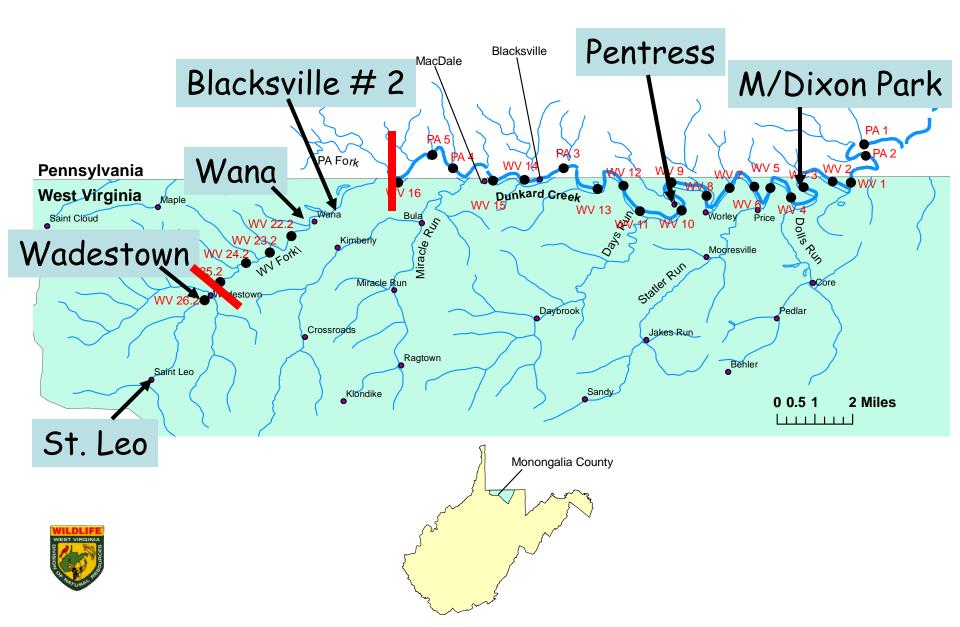
AFTER BELOW

Seine abundance

- 17 suckers
- 679 minnows
- 16 gamefish
- 44 darters
- 0 others

Electricity abundance

- 11 suckers
- 431 minnows
- 1 gamefish
- 6 darters
- 0 others



WV Fork at Wadestown

- · BEFORE SEINE
- 16 suckers
- 130 minnows
- · 20 gamefish
- · 94 darters
- 0 others

- · AFTER ELECTRICITY
- · 24 suckers
- 162 minnows
- 20 gamefish
- · 367 darters
- 0 others



Upper Dunkard - South Fork WV Fork

- Below beaver pond and St. Leo discharge
- 1 greenside darter



- Above beaver pond Live area, which is
 below St. Leo
 discharge
- · 3 suckers
- 1402 minnows
- 95 gamefish
- · 110 darters
- 0 others

CONCLUSIONS

- Golden algae caused a major fish kill in the main channel Dunkard Creek WV/PA
- 15,000-22,000 fishes were est. killed in WV alone, which appears to be underestimated
- Fishes were essentially eliminated from main channel below Pentress dam
- Upstream from Pentress to at least Miracle Run some fishes survived in reduced numbers and species

CONCLUSIONS

- In the So. Fork WV Fork a second kill occurred below a beaver pond, but not above
- 2nd incident was essentially a total kill in So.
 Fork until mitigated by flows from tributaries and the North Fork
- Fishes above the St. Leo discharge were apparently not appreciably affected
- Tributaries in WV contain most of the lost fishes, but a full recovery will probably take years to be realized

